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New Cages Derived from 1,2,4-Triphosphol

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The two isomers were synthesized from the anionic ring $(\text{P}_3\text{C}_2\text{But}_2)^-$ and the organic group $\text{BrCH}(\text{SiMe}_3)_2$ in a reflux temperature of dimethoxyethane via formation of the triphosphole (1). After purification by chromatography, single crystals were obtained from hexane solutions.

The reaction scheme shows the conversion of a dimeric phosphine ligand (1) to a pentametallic cage complex (2) and/or a hexametallic cage complex (3).
 Structure 1: A dimeric phosphine ligand consisting of two phosphorus atoms bridged by a single bond. Each phosphorus atom is also bonded to two terminal groups (represented by 'X') and one terminal group (represented by 'CH(SiMe₃)₂').
 Structure 2: A pentametallic cage complex consisting of five phosphorus atoms arranged in a trigonal bipyramidal core. The cage is substituted with various groups, including 'X', 'H', and 'SiMe₃'.
 Structure 3: A hexametallic cage complex consisting of six phosphorus atoms arranged in an octahedral core. The cage is substituted with various groups, including 'H' and 'SiMe₃'.
 The reaction is indicated by a curved arrow pointing from structure 1 to structures 2 and 3, with the reagent 'CH(SiMe₃)₃' written above the arrow.

SCHEME 1

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six phosphorus resonances being 2 typical of sp^2 -hybridized and 4 sp^3 . Compound **3** also shows six phosphorus resonance at the $^{31}\text{P}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR and all of them appears at the sp^3 -hybridized region.

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